



CALLANZ webinar: Biodiverse Carbon Plantings in SWWA



Ecological Restoration in Gondwana Link

2006 – 2021

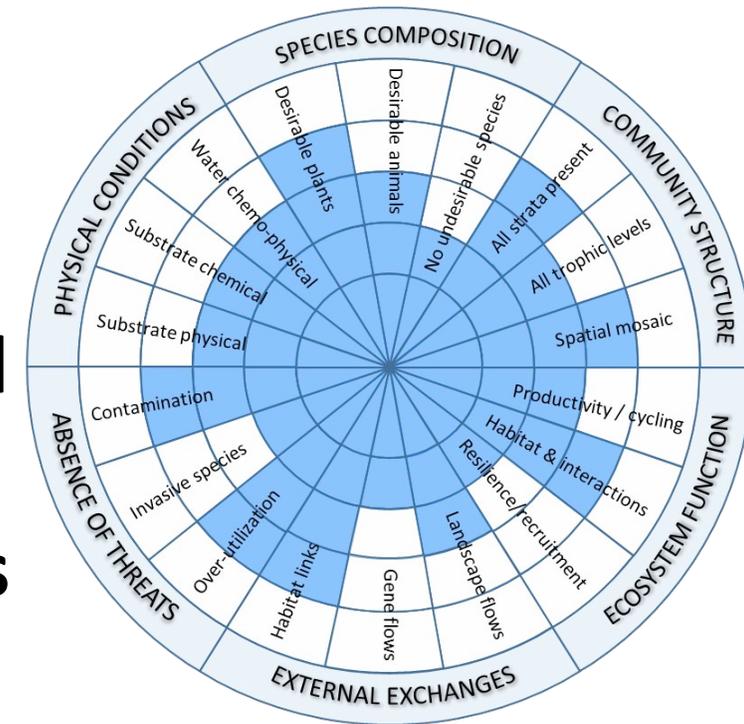
1. SYSTEMS APPROACH
2. IMPROVED POST REVEGATION STRUCTURE
3. NEW APPROACHES TO BOOST BIODIVERSITY
 - a. NODES
 - b. IN SITU BURNING



THRESHOLD
environmental

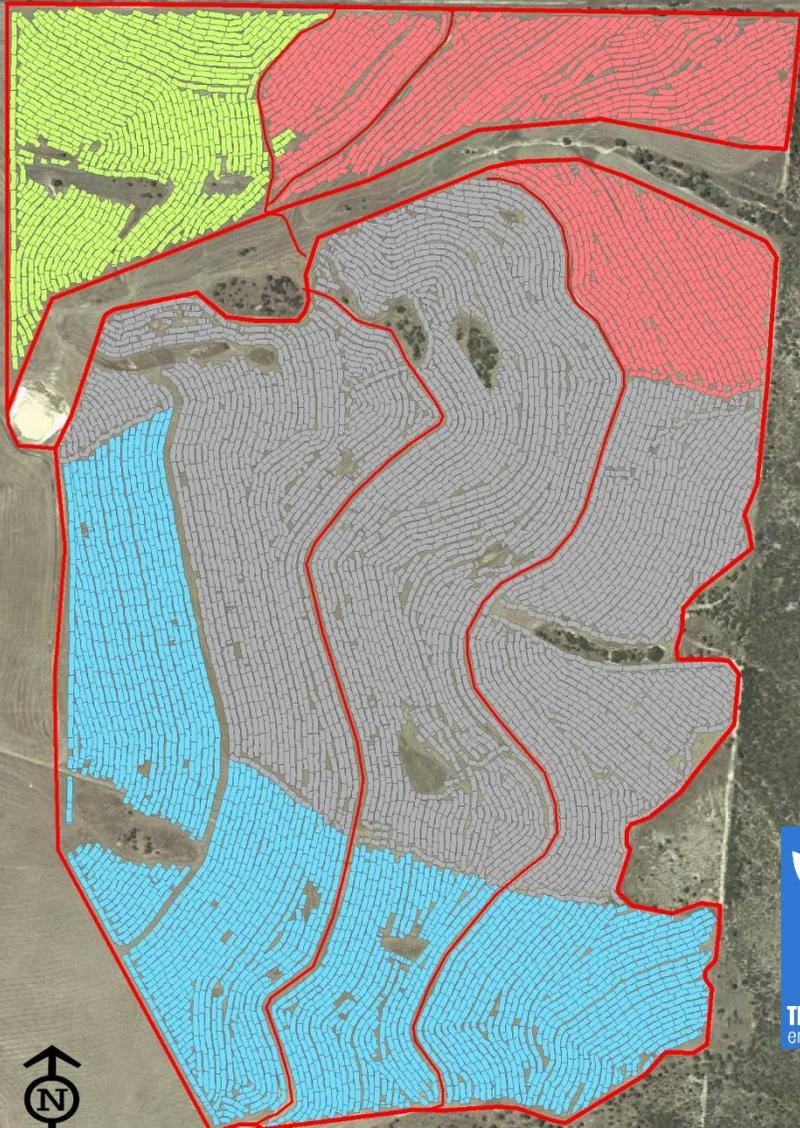
Principle 3. Use a **local native ecosystem** as a **reference model** for revegetation

Principle 5. **Ecosystem recovery is assessed** against clear goals and objectives, **using measurable indicators**



INTERNATIONAL PRINCIPLES
AND STANDARDS FOR THE
PRACTICE OF ECOLOGICAL
RESTORATION

Yarroweyah 2013 Biodiverse Carbon Project



THRESHOLD ENVIRONMENTAL SEPT2013



Funded by:





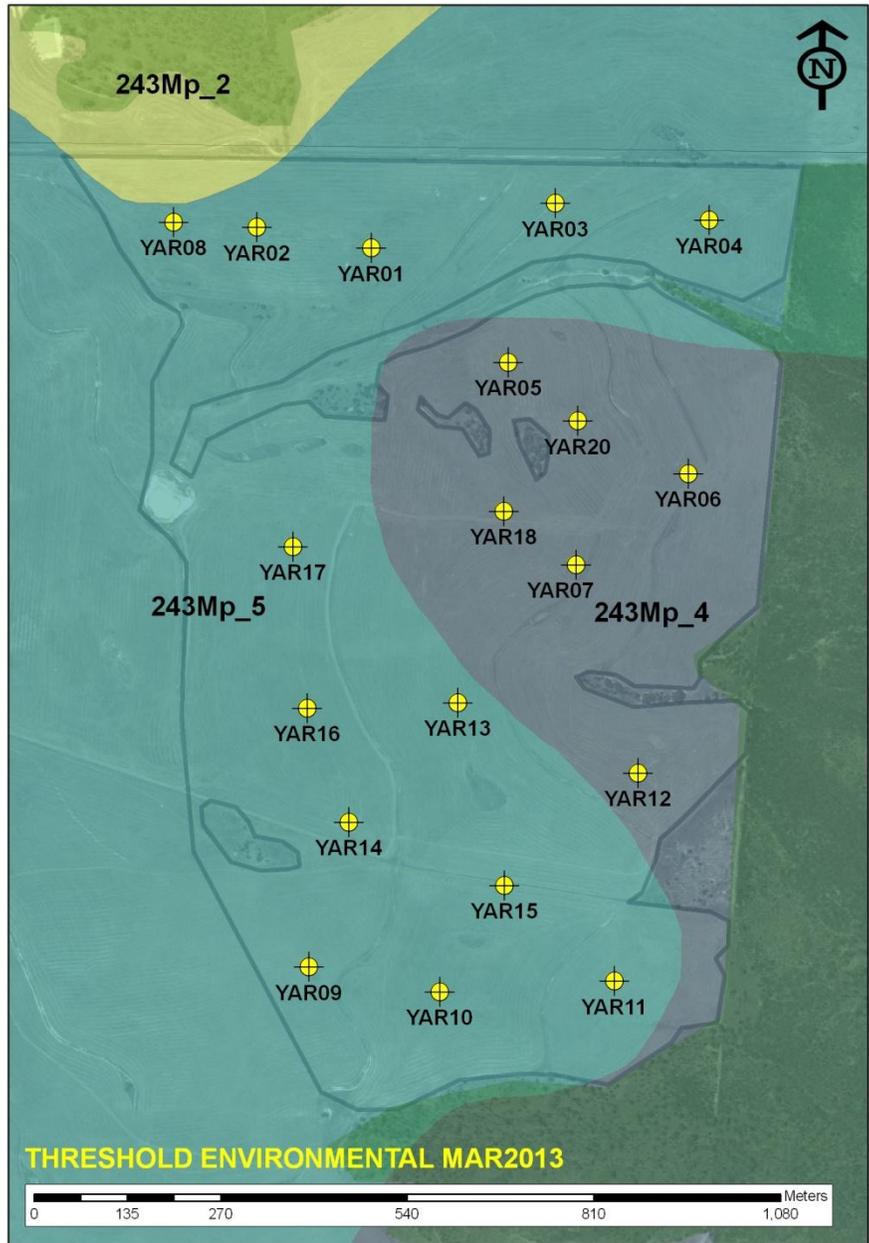
RESTORATION STARTS WITH A PLAN

SYSTEMS APPROACH



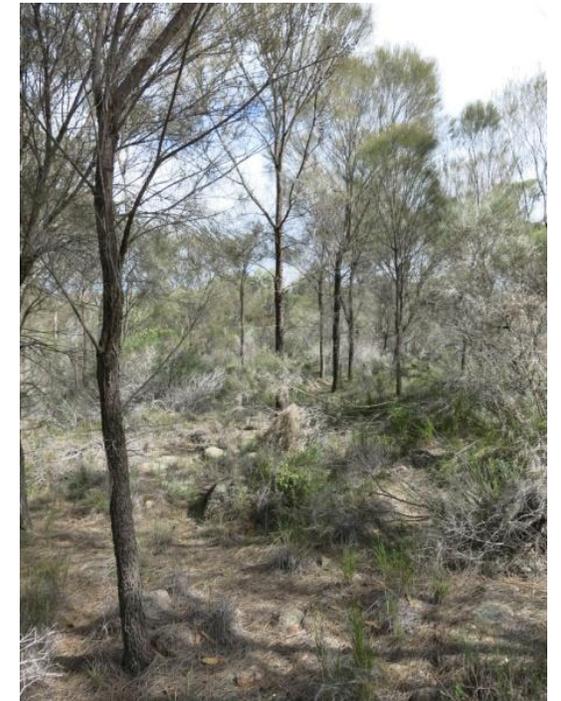
Defining major landform units with hand augured **soil sampling**

SYSTEMS APPROACH

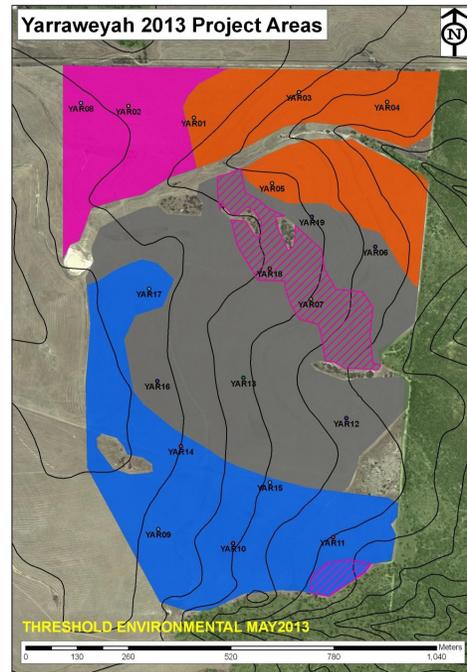
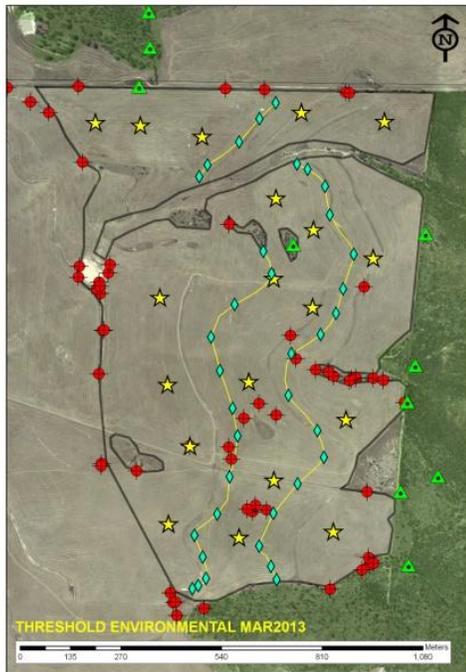
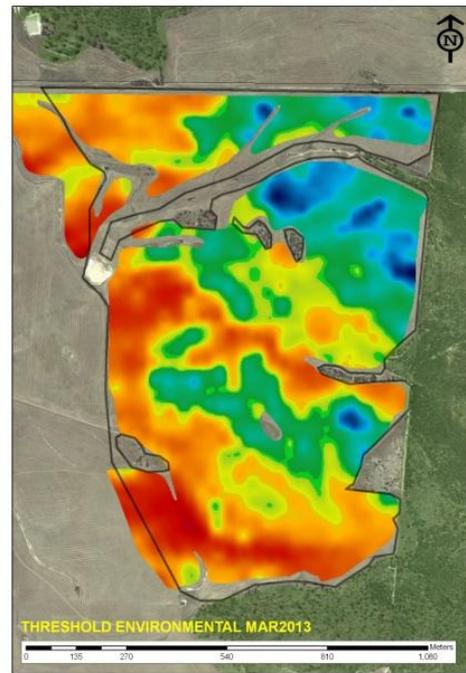
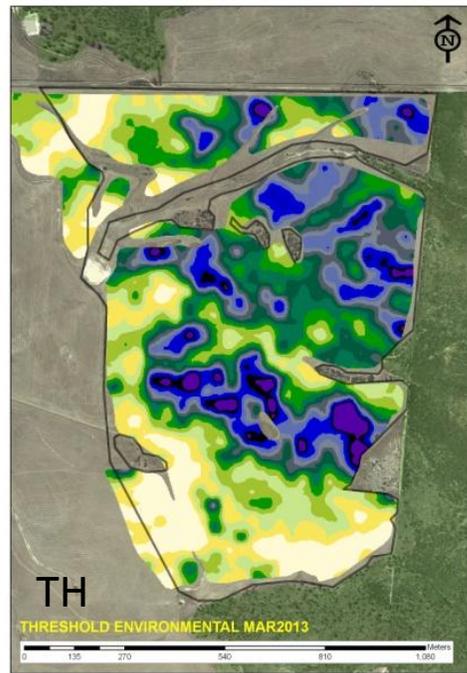
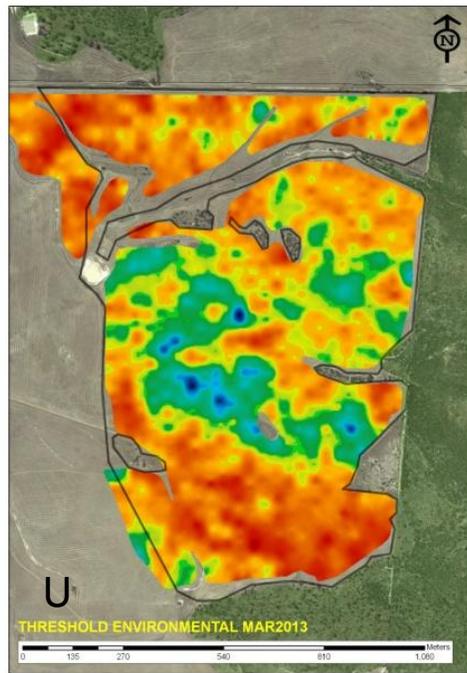
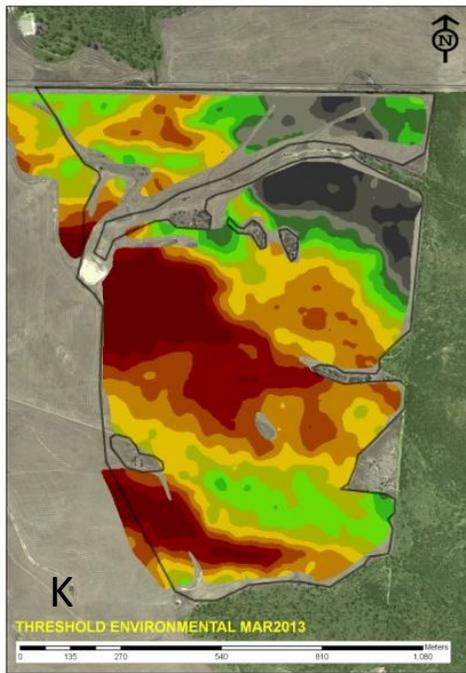
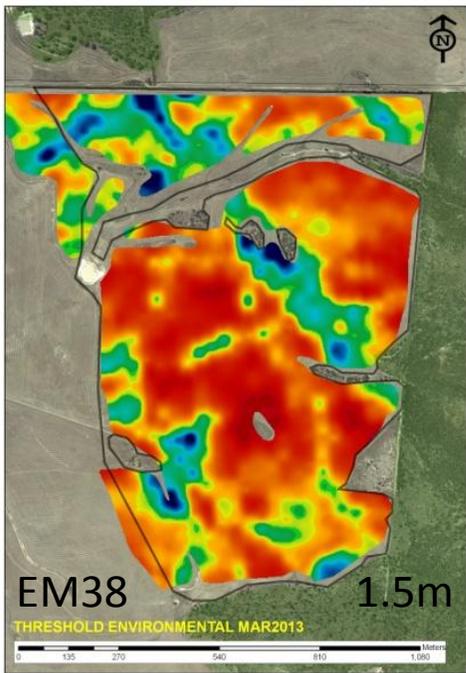


paddock	LnsclpPos	radSignal	PitNo	SandDpth(AB)	Color	Texture	Depth BC	Type	Photos	SWTC
1st Clared	UPPER MID SLOPE GENTLE	GRADE	64	0-7	0-7 SANDY LM. 8-12 Grey sand	12-30 Br. Md. Clay w/ Red Mottles	? 75H	1k (clay) or 4a	103-105	MED
"	"	"	65	0-8	20-30 Br. Md. Clay w/ Red Mottles	30-53 Md. Br. Clay	? 75H	4a	106-108	MED-HI
"	"	"	66	0-8	0-8 SAND LOAM 8-27 Grey sand	30-40 v. Light Br. Clay w/ Red Mottles (mix to 70)	X 46 too dry	1b	109-110	LOW
"	UPPER MID SLOPE MOD	"	67	0-9	0-9 SAND LOAM 10-20 Br. Md. Clay	20-40 v. Light Br. Clay w/ Red Mottles	? 65X too dry	1b	111-113	LOW
"	UPPER MID SLOPE	55 Dry	68	0-5	0-5 SAND LOAM 5-10 Br. Md. Clay	10-20 v. Light Br. Clay w/ Red Mottles	? 72 Dry	1a but Md. Clay	114-116	MED
HOUSE Pk	UPPER MID SLOPE	"	69	0-5	0-5 SAND LOAM 5-10 Br. Md. Clay	10-20 v. Light Br. Clay w/ Red Mottles	? 82 H	4d	117-119	MED-HI
Sticks	Upper Mid Slope	"	70	0-10	0-10 SAND LOAM 10-20 Br. Md. Clay	20-30 v. Light Br. Clay w/ Red Mottles	X 20 too dry	?	120	LOW
"	"	"	71	0-6	0-6 SANDY LOAM 6-20 Br. Md. Clay	20-30 v. Light Br. Clay w/ Red Mottles	X 33 too dry	1b	121	LOW
"	"	"	72	0-6	0-6 SANDY LM. 6-15 Br. Md. Clay	15-45 Br. Md. Clay w/ Red Mottles	X 72 too dry	1a or 1b or 1d	122-125	MED
"	"	"	73	0-6	0-6 SANDY LOAM 6-15 Br. Md. Clay	15-30 Br. Light Clay 30-38 Br. v. Light Clay (Dry)	X 38 too dry	1a	126-128	LOW
WINDMILL	MID SLOPE MOD	"	74	0-10	0-10 SANDY LM. 10-25 Br. Md. Clay	25-30 v. Light Br. Clay w/ Red Mottles	X 30 too dry			LOW
"	MID UPPER SLOPE	MOD GRD	75	0-5	0-5 SANDY LM. 5-15 Br. Md. Clay	15-20 v. Light Br. Clay w/ Red Mottles	X 37 too dry		127-130	LOW
"	MID SLOPE	MOD GRADE	76	0-8	0-8 SANDY LM. 8-20 Br. Md. Clay	20-30 Br. Md. Clay w/ Red Mottles	X 30 too dry	2b	131-133	MED-LOW
"	"	"	77	0-5	0-5 SANDY LM. 5-20 Br. Md. Clay	20-30 Br. Md. Clay w/ Red Mottles	X 30 too dry	2b	134-135	MED-LOW
"	MID SLOPE	Gentle Grade	78	0-10	0-10 SANDY LM. 10-15 Br. Md. Clay	15-45 Br. Md. Clay w/ Red Mottles	X 75H	4a? or 4d?	136	MED
HOUSE	MID SLOPE	"	79	0-10	0-10 SANDY LM. 10-15 Br. Md. Clay	15-30 Br. Md. Clay w/ Red Mottles	X 47 too dry	4a?	137	LOW
LONG	UPPER MID SLOPE	Flat	80	0-10	0-10 SANDY LM. 10-20 Br. Md. Clay	20-30 Br. Md. Clay w/ Red Mottles	? 77H	3	138-139	MED-HI
LONG	LOWER FLAT SLIGHT RISE	v. Slight Grade	81	0-3	0-3 SANDY LM. 3-5 Br. Md. Clay	5-10 Br. Md. Clay w/ Red Mottles	X 59 Rock	1b or 4a?	23-26	MED
"	LOWER FLAT SLIGHT RISE	"	82	0-7	0-7 SANDY LM. 7-15 Br. Md. Clay	15-30 Br. Md. Clay w/ Red Mottles	X 43 too dry	1b	27-29	MED-LOW
"	MID SLOPE FLAT	Slight Grade	83	0-10	0-10 SANDY LM. 10-20 Br. Md. Clay	20-30 Br. Md. Clay w/ Red Mottles	X 100H	4b	30-33	M-H
"	MID SLOPE FLAT	Slight Grade	84	0-10	0-10 SANDY LM. 10-20 Br. Md. Clay	20-30 Br. Md. Clay w/ Red Mottles	X 43 Rock	1b but clay	34-36	M-L

<i>Acacia cyclops</i>	<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	<i>Hakea laurina</i>	<i>Melaleuca undulata</i>
<i>Acacia glaucoptera</i>	<i>Dryandra falcata</i>	<i>Hakea lehmanniana</i>	<i>Melaleuca violacea</i>
<i>Acacia lasiocarpa</i>	<i>Dryandra lindleyana</i>	<i>Hakea lissocarpa</i>	<i>Mesomelaena pseudostygia</i>
<i>Acacia mimica</i>	<i>Dryandra</i> sp.	<i>Hakea marginata</i>	<i>Mesomelaena stygia</i>
<i>Acacia multispicata</i>	<i>Dryandra tenuifolia</i>	<i>Hakea newbeyana</i>	<i>Neurachne alopecuroidea</i>
<i>Acacia saligna</i>	<i>Eucalyptus annulata</i>	<i>Hakea strumosa</i>	<i>Patersonia occidentalis</i>
<i>Acacia sphacelata</i>	<i>Eucalyptus conglobata</i>	<i>Hakea verrucosa</i>	<i>Petrophile divaricata</i>
<i>Acacia trulliformis</i>	<i>Eucalyptus dissimulata</i>	<i>Harperia</i> sp.	<i>Petrophile seminuda</i>
<i>Allocasuarina campestris</i>	<i>Eucalyptus flocktoniae</i>	<i>Hibbertia</i> sp.	<i>Petrophile</i> sp.
<i>Allocasuarina corniculata</i>	<i>Eucalyptus incrassata</i>	<i>Hovea pungens</i>	<i>Rhagodia</i> sp.
<i>Allocasuarina huegiana</i>	<i>Eucalyptus occidentalis</i>	<i>Hybanthus</i> sp.	<i>Schoenus</i> sp.
<i>Allocasuarina humilis</i>	<i>Eucalyptus occidentalis</i> x <i>thamn.</i>	<i>Isopogon boxifolius</i>	<i>Taxandria spathulata</i>
<i>Allocasuarina thyioides</i>	<i>Eucalyptus phaenophylla</i>	<i>Isopogon</i> sp.	<i>Templetonia retusa</i>
<i>Allocasuarina tortiramula</i>	<i>Eucalyptus phenax</i>	<i>Kunzea affinis</i>	<i>Thomasia</i> sp.
<i>Andersonia simplex</i>	<i>Eucalyptus pleurocarpa</i>	<i>Kunzea</i> sp.	<i>Thryptomene saxicola</i>
<i>Andersonia</i> sp.	<i>Eucalyptus sinuosa</i>	<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp.1	<i>Trachymene</i> sp.
<i>Asplenium</i> sp.	<i>Eucalyptus sporadica</i>	<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp.2	<i>Verticordia</i>
<i>Astroloma</i> sp.	<i>Eucalyptus thamnoides</i>	<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp.3	
<i>Austrodanthonia</i> sp.	<i>Eucalyptus uncinata</i>	<i>Leporella fimbriata</i>	
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	<i>Eucalyptus xanthonema</i>	<i>Leptospermum erubescens</i>	
<i>Beyeria</i> sp.	<i>Exocarpos sparteus</i>	<i>Leptospermum spinescens</i>	
<i>Borya</i> sp.	<i>Ficinia nodosa</i>	<i>Leucopogon</i> sp.	
<i>Calothamnus quadrifidus</i>	<i>Gahnia ancistrophylla</i>	<i>Lomandra</i> sp.	
<i>Conostylis setigera</i>	<i>Gastrolobium parviflorum</i>	<i>Melaleuca apodocephala</i>	
<i>Cryptandra</i>	<i>Gastrolobium spinosum</i>	<i>Melaleuca acuminata</i>	
<i>Darwinia</i> sp.	<i>Grevillea concinna</i>	<i>Melaleuca calycina</i>	
<i>Daucus carota</i>	<i>Grevillea oligantha</i>	<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i>	<i>Grevillea</i> sp.	<i>Melaleuca</i> sp.	
<i>Daviesia decurrens</i>	<i>Grevillea tetragonoloba</i>	<i>Melaleuca subfalcata</i>	
<i>Daviesia</i> sp.	Hair orchid	<i>Melaleuca subtrigona</i>	
<i>Desmocladus</i> sp.	<i>Hakea corymbosa</i>	<i>Melaleuca tuberculata</i>	



119 Plant species identified across 15 vegetation survey sites



Defining Restoration Systems Mosaic

1. Upland Yate Woodland System (11.3 Ha)
2. York Gum Woodland System (17.7 Ha)
3. Granitic Mallee Complex (41.5 Ha)
4. Duplex Mixed-Mallee Complex (28.6 Ha)

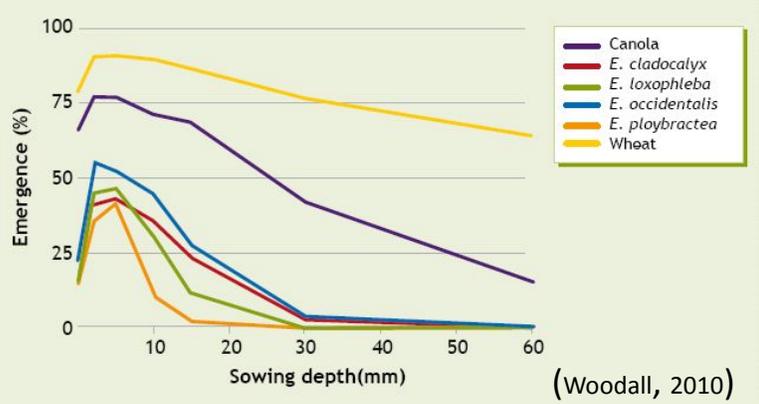


THRESHOLD
environmental

FROM PLANNING TO OPERATIONS: *Filling the Biodiversity Basket while Sequestering Carbon*



DIRECT SEEDING IN SWWA



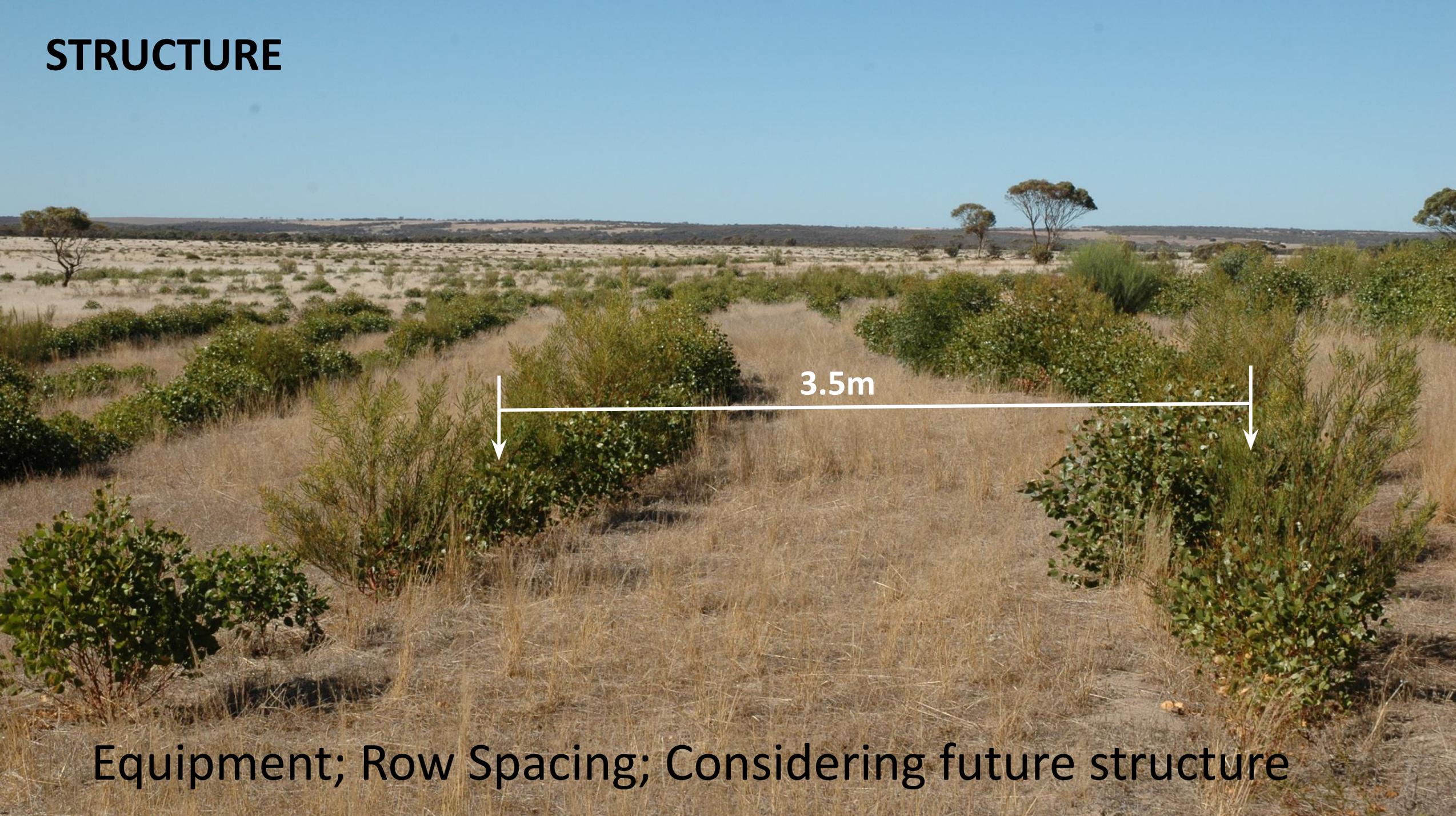
STRUCTURE



Learning from a Legacy of Linear Seeding/Tree Planting

- Improvement Model
- To maximise conservation of biodiversity...
- ...consider composition
- ...consider structure
- Not just plants, but for animals too

STRUCTURE



3.5m

Equipment; Row Spacing; Considering future structure

STRUCTURE

x x x xx x xxx xxx xxx xx xxooxo oxoxo oxheabe mma armt m x aw amg g ga dx as x xbx x w tg xx ww t yyuyuoxxbx

e ea a a a a m meaas h mmae b maeee b e aamm b h sss amg g ga dx as x xbx x w tg xx ww t yyuyuoeeeeeeexbx

x x x xx x xxx xxxbxxx xx xxooxo oxoxo oxheabe mma armt m x aw amg g ga dx as x xbx x w tg xx ww t yyuyuoxxbx

x x x xx xeeeeemaxxx xx xxooxo oxoxo oxheabe mma armt m x aw amg g ga dx as x xbx x w tg xx ww t yyuyboxxbx



STRUCTURE

x x x xx x xxx xxx xxx xx xxooxo oxoxo oxheabe mma armt m x aw amg g ga dx as x xbx x w tg xx ww t yyuyuoxxbx

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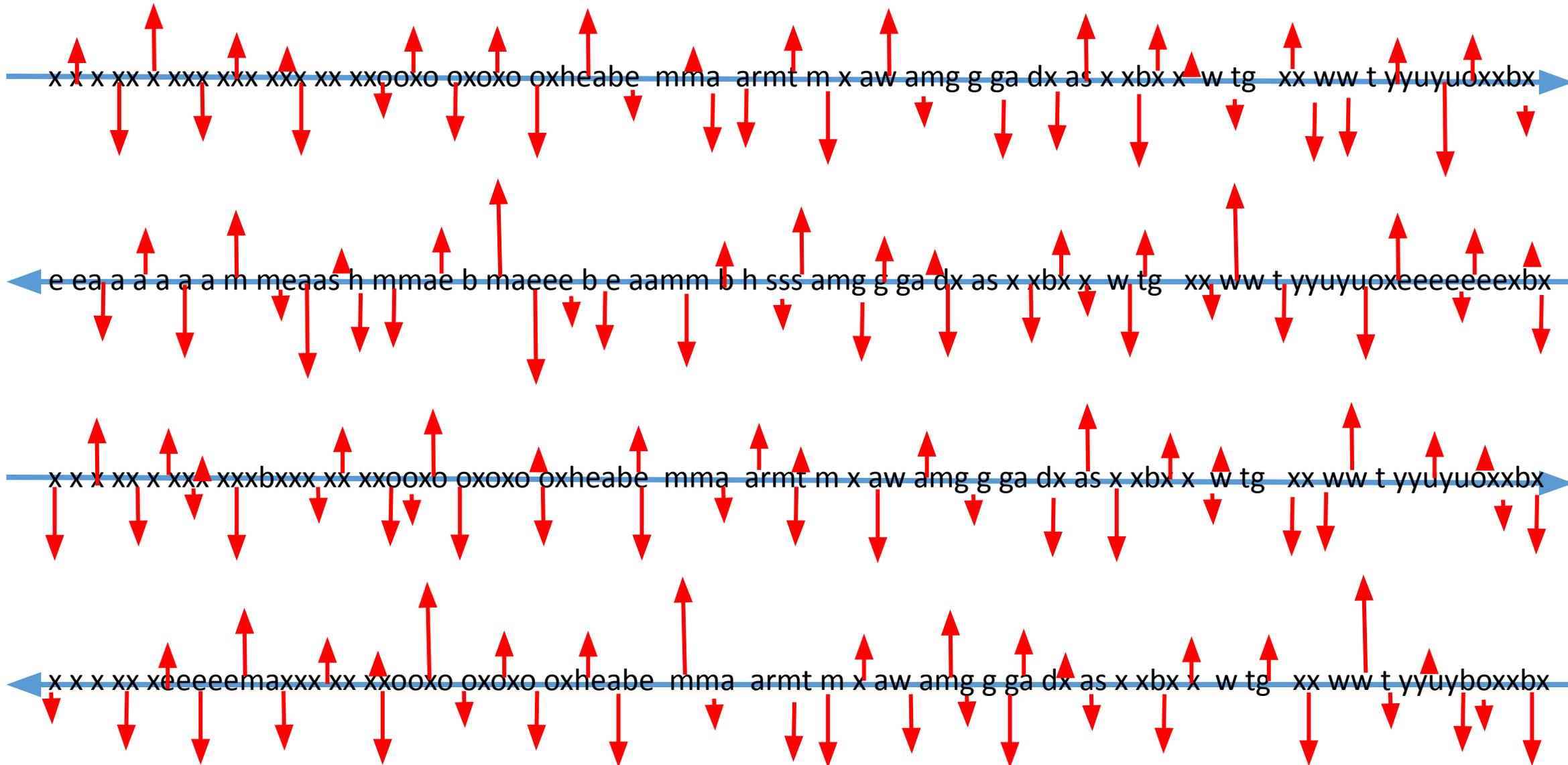
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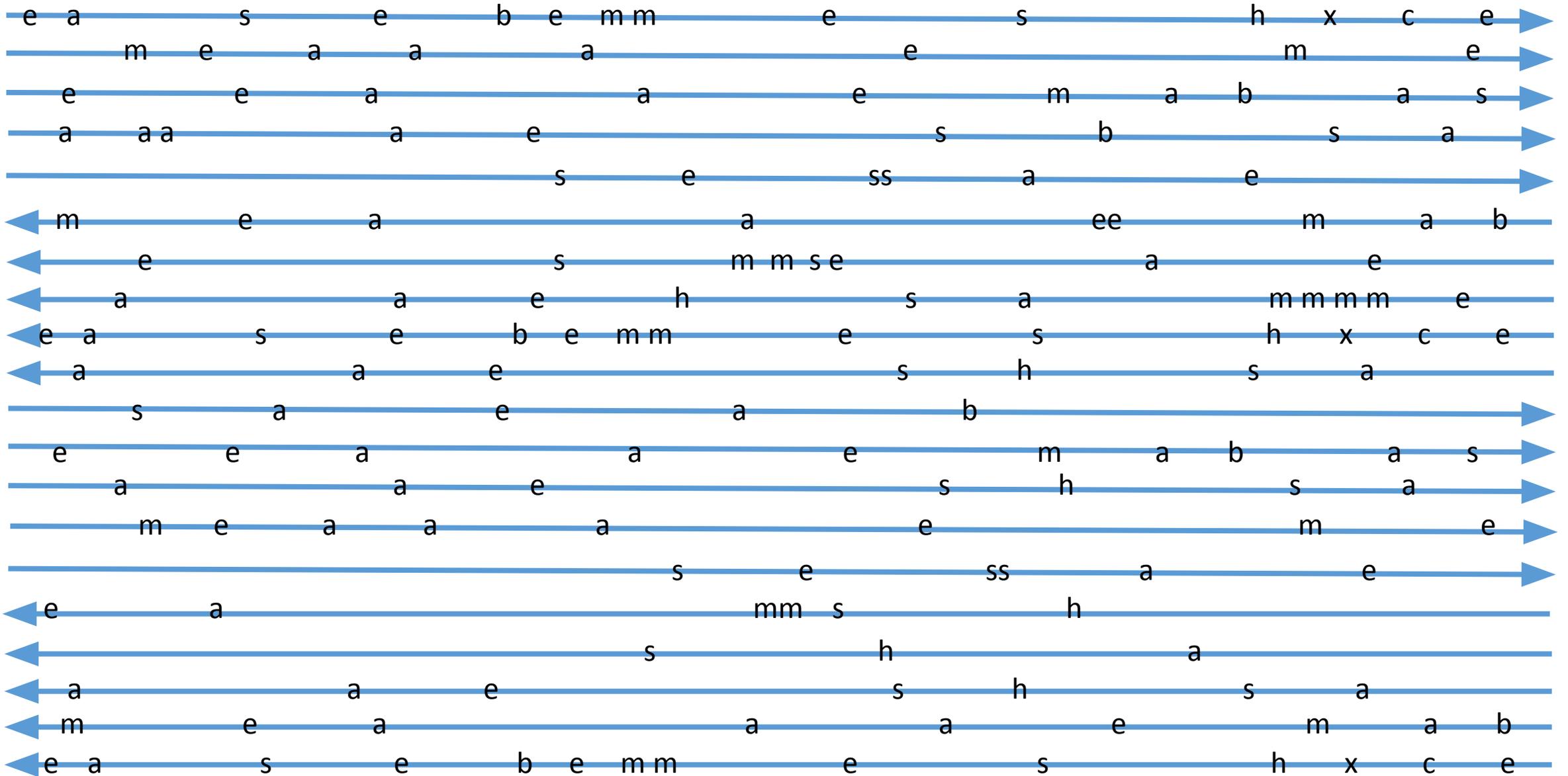
Competition for nutrients. Competition for water. Competition for light.



STRUCTURE



STRUCTURE For Growth and Habitat Complexity





1.4m

1.4m

1.4m

1.4m



THRESHOLD
environmental











THRESHOLD
environmental



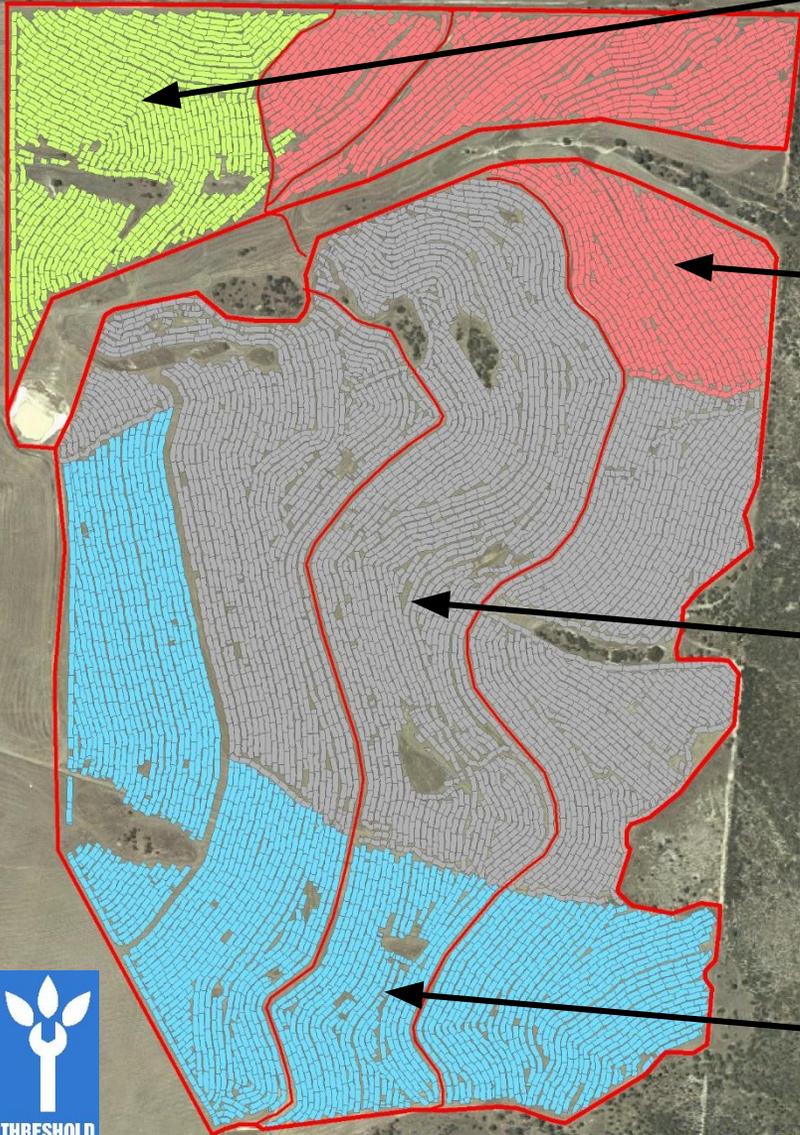




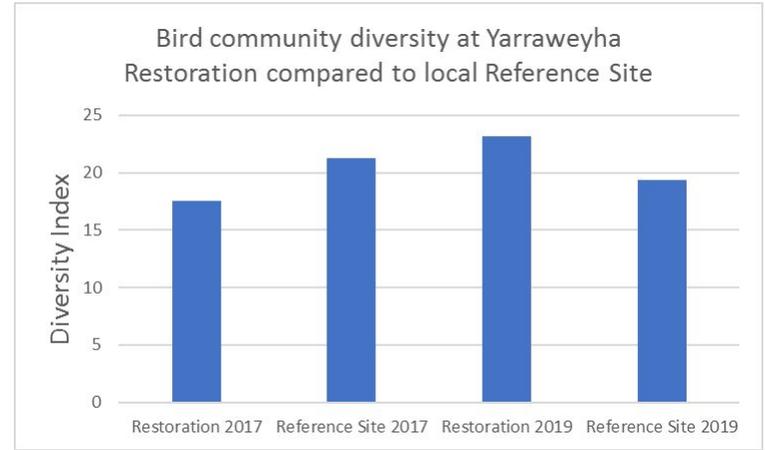
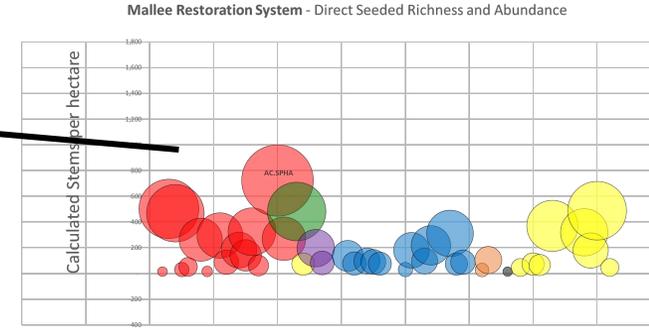
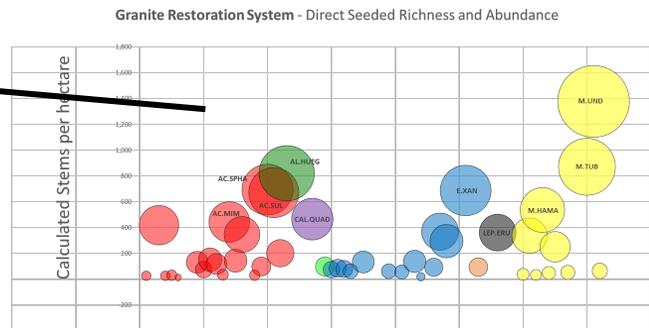
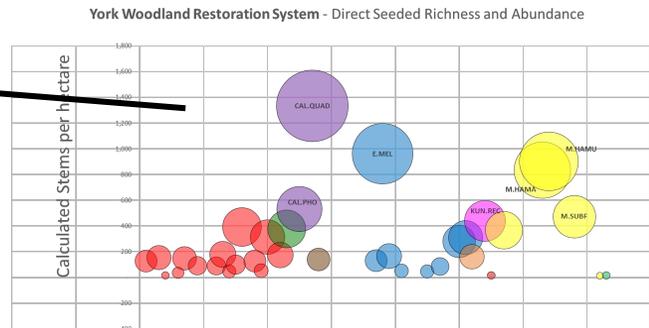
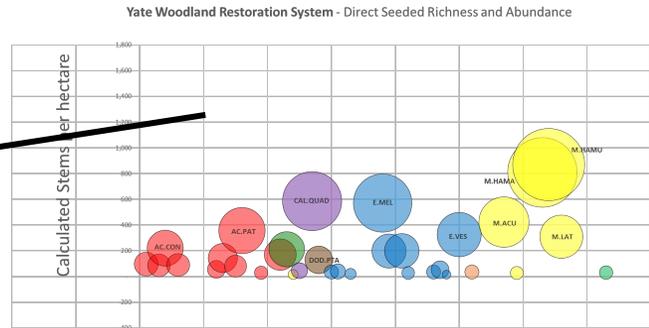
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Yarroweyah 2013 Biodiverse Carbon Project



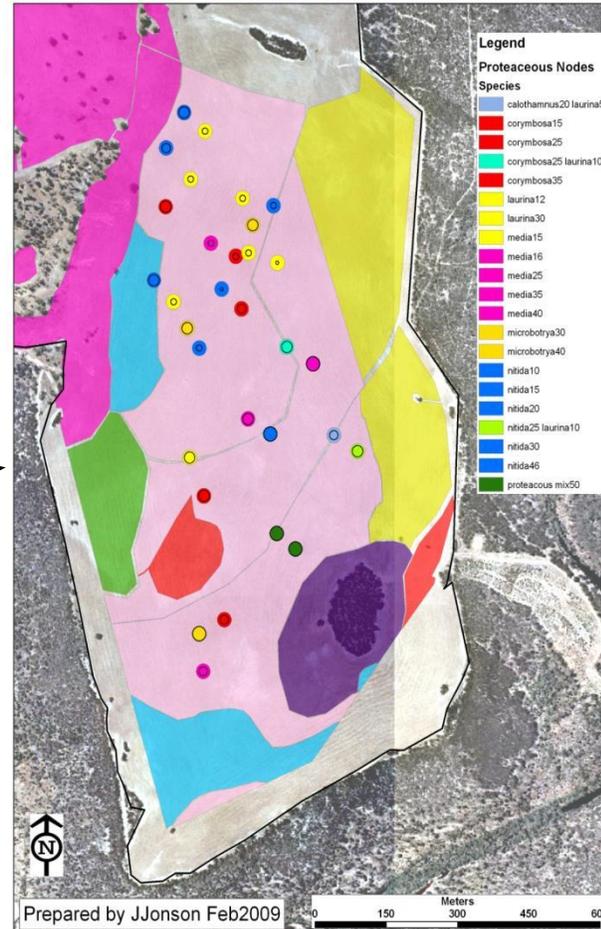
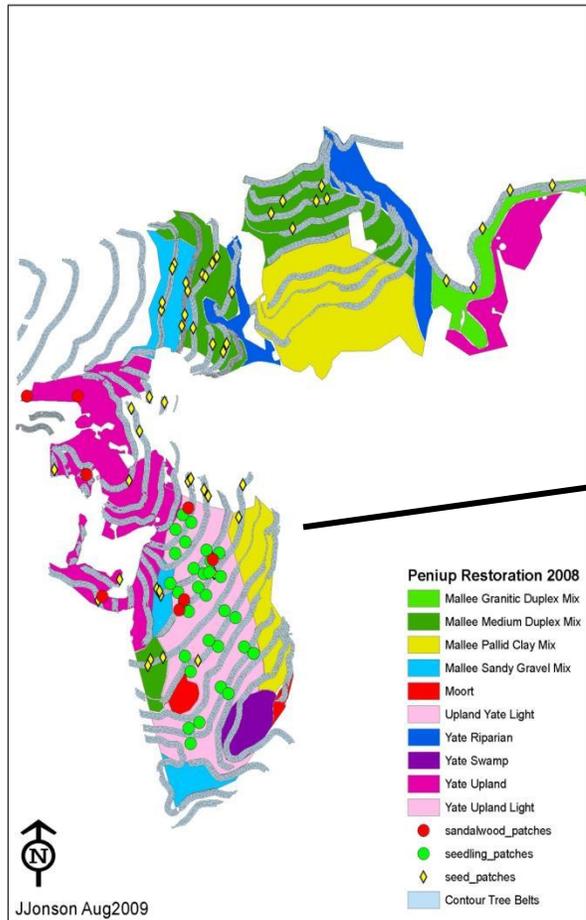
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(Bird Survey: Nic Dunlop – Citizen Science)

Project funded by:
CarbonNeutral
 CHARITABLE FUND

NEW APPROACHES – PROTEACEOUS NODES



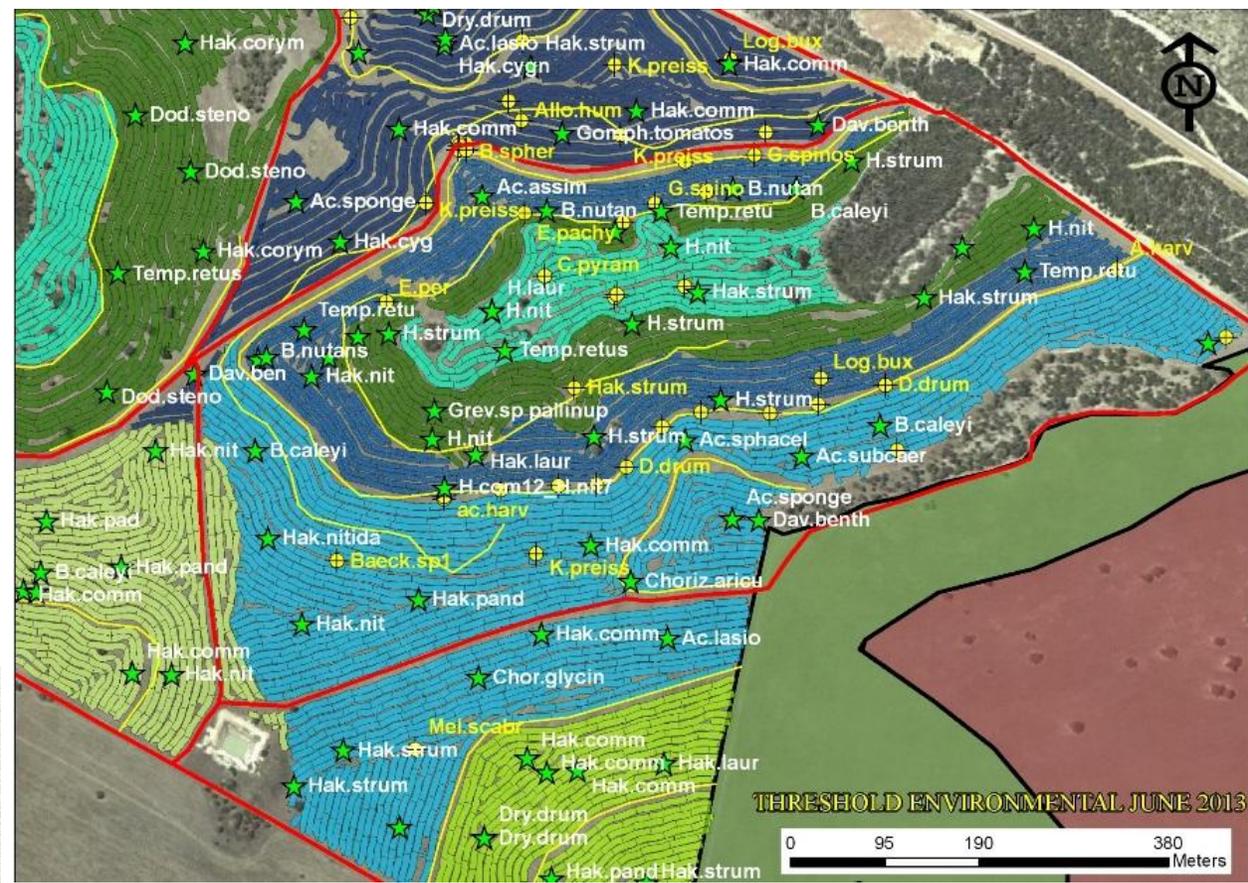
Jonson, J., 2010. Ecological restoration of cleared agricultural land in Gondwana Link: lifting the bar at 'Peniup'. *Ecological Management and Restoration*, 11, 16-26.
(https://thresholdenvironmental.files.wordpress.com/2012/03/emrarticle_peniuprestoration1.pdf)

More info see: <https://site.emrprojectsummaries.org/2016/03/07/peniup-ecological-restoration-project/>

NODES



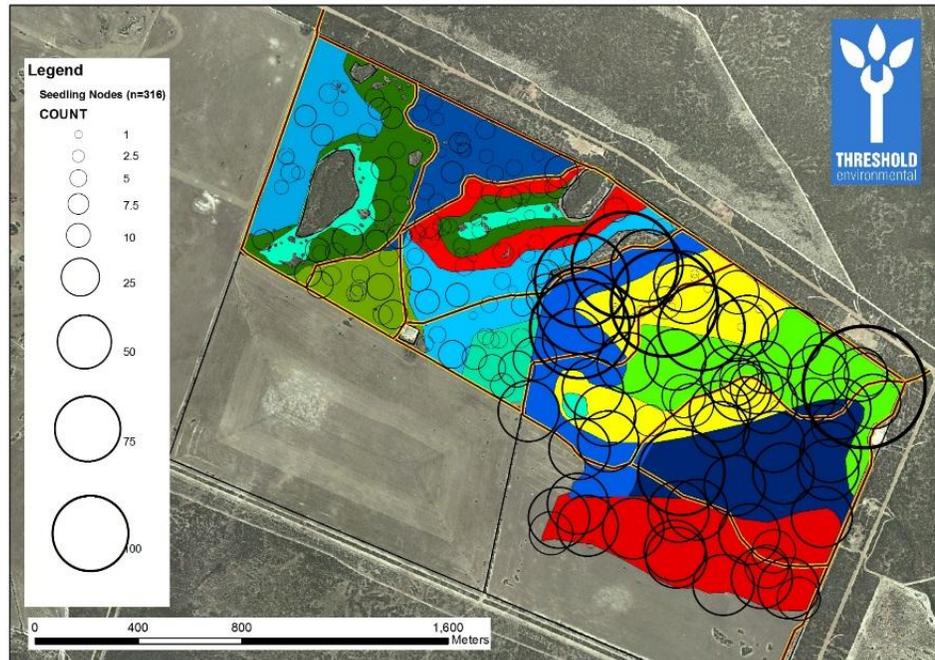
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(JONSON 2010)

More info see:

<https://site.emrprojectsummaries.org/2016/03/06/defining-reference-communities-for-ecological-restoration-of-monjebup-north-reserve-in-gondwana-link/>



(JONSON 2010)

NEW APPROACHES



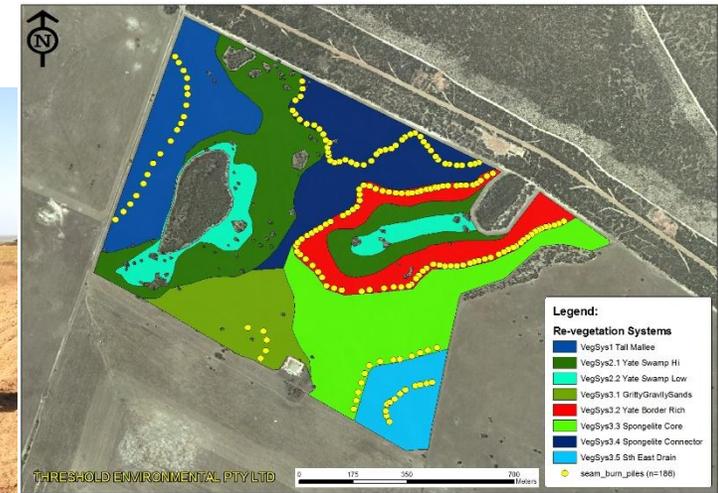
IN SITU



BURNING



In-situ seeding; graded; 180 piles of branches with serotinous fire seed release traits



More info see: https://thresholdenvironmental.files.wordpress.com/2012/03/anpc-article_sept-nov-2012.pdf





Dryandra nervosa



Dryandra drummondii



Dryandra circioides

Honey Possum





Thank you

Justin Jonson MSc

Managing Director

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President – SER's Large-scale Ecosystem Restoration Section (LERS) Board



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